

Zionsville Little League Umpire Test

1. First base, second base, third base and home plate are all completely in fair territory.

TRUE or FALSE

2. The foul lines and the foul poles are in foul territory.

TRUE or FALSE

3. The batter swings and misses a pitched ball on the third strike but is struck in the chest by the pitched ball. The batter should be called out.

TRUE or FALSE

4. A ball bunted foul by the batter on the third strike is an out.

TRUE or FALSE

5. A base runner is out and the ball is dead if the base runner is hit by a fair batted ball before a fielder has a chance to field the ball.

TRUE or FALSE

6. According to the INFIELD FLY RULE, the batter is automatically out when a fair pop fly is hit.

TRUE or FALSE

7. When a runner is attempting to score from third base, the catcher may block home plate while he/she waits for the throw.

TRUE or FALSE

8. When a baseball pitcher is in contact with the pitching rubber with the ball and the catcher is in the catcher's box ready to receive the ball, the base runners can not leave the bases until the pitched ball reaches the batter.

TRUE or FALSE

9. A batted ball that lands in fair territory but rolls into foul territory after it has passed third base is a foul ball.

TRUE or FALSE

10. A batted fly ball that first lands on the foul line between first base and the outfield fence is a fair ball.

TRUE or FALSE

11. A base runner may tag up and advance after a foul fly ball is caught.

TRUE or FALSE

12. Any legal pitch that passes over the white portion of home plate prior to hitting the ground and between the top of the knees and the armpits of the batter while the batter is in his normal stance is a strike.

TRUE or FALSE

13. If a legally batted fair ball is deflected over the home run fence by a defensive player prior to the ball touching the ground it shall be ruled a double.

TRUE or FALSE

14. Any runner is out when he/she does not attempt to avoid contact with a fielder who has the ball AND is waiting to make a tag.

TRUE or FALSE

15. Any runner is out when he/she slides head first into the bag or home plate while attempting to advance.

TRUE or FALSE

16. The batter-runner must turn to his/her right after over-running first base.

TRUE or FALSE

17. If a legally batted ball hits home plate it is AUTOMATICALLY a foul ball.

TRUE or FALSE

18. The ball is dead on a foul tip to the catcher.

TRUE or FALSE

19. Runners can advance on a foul tip.

TRUE or FALSE

20. The batter is automatically out if his/her foot touches home plate while swinging at a pitch.

TRUE or FALSE

21. A pitch that first bounces on the ground prior to reaching home plate cannot be legally hit by the batter.

TRUE or FALSE

22. If a pitched ball strikes the ground first and then strikes the batter, the batter is awarded first base if he/she does not swing at the pitch.

TRUE or FALSE

23. If the fielder's feet are in FOUL territory when a batted ball is first touched by that fielder, it is AUTOMATICALLY a foul ball.

TRUE or FALSE

24. The use of an approved helmet by the batter, all base runners, and youth base coaches is mandatory.

TRUE or FALSE

25. The catcher's mask must have a dangling type throat protector attached so that when the catcher looks up the protector will cover the front of the throat.

TRUE or FALSE

26. Immediately after catching a fly ball, the outfielder collides with another fielder and drops the ball as a result of the collision. The umpire should rule an out.

TRUE or FALSE

27. The batter hits a pitch directly into the mask of the catcher. After hitting the mask, the ball falls directly into the catcher's mitt. The umpire should rule a foul tip.

TRUE or FALSE

28. With a runner on first base, the batter hits a fair ground ball to the first baseman who steps on first base to get the batter out. The first baseman then throws the ball to the shortstop at second in an attempt to get the advancing runner out. In this situation, the shortstop must actually tag the advancing runner prior to the runner reaching second base to record the out.

TRUE or FALSE

29. With a runner on third base and two outs, the batter hits a fair ground ball to the shortstop who in turn throws the ball to first for the third out, however, prior to the ball reaching first base, the runner on third crosses home plate. The run should be allowed to score.

TRUE or FALSE

30. When swinging at a pitch, the batter misses the ball but strikes the catcher's glove. The batter should be awarded first base for catcher interference.

TRUE or FALSE

31. A fair batted ball bounces on the ground and over the home run fence without being touched by a fielder. The batter should be awarded a home run.

TRUE or FALSE

32. On deck batters are allowed at Major Softball and Baseball

TRUE or FALSE

33. Batboys/batgirls, who are not adult coaches or actual members of the team, are not allowed.

TRUE or FALSE

34. ANY player acting as a catcher at any time must wear an appropriate catcher's mask.

TRUE or FALSE

35. The plate umpire's protective equipment includes a mask with throat protector, chest protector, shin guards and protective cup.

TRUE or FALSE

36. When indicating the count on the batter, the plate umpire should indicate balls with the left hand and strikes with the right hand.

TRUE or FALSE

37. It is necessary to indicate the count after every pitch.

TRUE or FALSE

38. With no runners on base, the base umpire should be located approximately 12'-15' behind first base and in foul territory prior to the pitch.

TRUE or FALSE

39. In reference to the home plate umpire, "In the slot" refers to the area between the batter and home plate.

TRUE or FALSE

40. The base umpire is responsible for determining whether a batted ball is fair or foul.

TRUE or FALSE

41. When indicating a batted ball is fair, the home plate umpire should straddle the foul line, point to fair territory and yell "fair ball!" .

TRUE or FALSE

42. With a runner on first base only, the base umpire should be located in the same position as if bases were unoccupied.

TRUE or FALSE

43. The proper way to make a call at a base or plate is first to obtain the proper angle so as to have a good view of the play; come to a complete stop and place hands on the knees with head still; eyes should be slightly ahead of the ball focused on the bag or plate; make the call!

TRUE or FALSE

44. When setting up behind the catcher, the plate umpire's chin should not be below the level of the top of the catcher's head.

TRUE or FALSE

45. With a runner on second base, the base umpire's APPROXIMATE location to set up prior to the pitch should be at the edge of the infield and outfield about halfway between the shortstop and second base with a clear view of home plate.

TRUE or FALSE

46. When judging whether a ball is fair or foul, the home plate umpire should judge the location of the ball in relation to the foul line rather than the location of the fielder when he/she touches the ball.

TRUE or FALSE

47. The home plate umpire has SOLE discretion to decide whether a batter swung at a pitch in a check swing situation.

TRUE or FALSE

48. "Time" is called by an umpire by holding both arms extended above the head with palms facing forward and yelling, "TIME!".

TRUE or FALSE

49. Any umpire's decision which involves judgment, such as, but not limited to, whether a batted ball is fair or foul, whether a pitch is a strike or ball, or whether a runner is safe or out , is final.

TRUE or FALSE

50. As an umpire for Zionsville Little League, I will always exhibit character, good judgment and the ability to get along with others. I will promote sportsmanship and fair play. Additionally, I will continue to study the Little League Playing Rules.

TRUE or TRUE